**Class 7 Worksheet**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What is the difference from being Proactive vs. Reactive?

R- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

P- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Driving scenes can change quickly and you need to be alert to changes so that you make decisions \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. Cell phone rules- Over 18 years old \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Phone Collision Statistics

Cell Phone = \_\_\_\_\_x more likely to be involved in a collision

Texting = \_\_\_\_\_x more likely to be involved in a collision

1. Texting and Driving Distraction Time

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **SECONDS** | **20 MPH** | **50 MPH** |
| 4 seconds looks away | 30 FT X \_4 sec\_ = \_\_120’ | 75 FT X \_4\_sec\_\_ = \_\_\_300’\_\_\_ |
| 3 seconds looks away | 30 FT X \_3 sec\_ = \_\_90’\_\_\_\_ | 75 FT X \_3 sec\_\_\_ = \_\_225”\_\_\_ |

1. On average you look down for four seconds when texting which is the equivalent of a football field.
2. According to the Clark County Detectives our average reaction time is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Seconds.
3. Following Distance: 30 mph or less: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seconds 31 mph or more: \_\_\_\_\_ seconds
4. The NHTSA recommends you have one car gap per \_\_\_\_\_\_mph of following distance.
5. What should you tell your self when you notice you are not giving other drivers plenty of space?
6. In bad weather it can take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_x longer to stop!
7. Always look beyond the car in front of you look- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, & \_\_\_\_\_ the car in front of you.
8. WA State Law - if you have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or more cars behind you, pull over and let them pass.
9. What are some things you should do to reduce your chances of a rear end collision when being tailgated? Increase your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Move slightly to the right in lane position \_\_\_\_

Signal early: for turns or stops

Identify: tailgaters and vehicles approaching too quickly

Look behind you when changing lanes, slowing down or driving down a long, steep hill

1. How do you avoid a Head-On-Collision Threat?

Slow until the other driver can return to their lane

Flash your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Honk your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Move to lane position \_\_\_\_\_

1. Always maintain a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_second visual lead so you’ll have enough time to identify and respond the hazards.
2. Carpool Lanes or HOV lanes must have 2 or more people. They are built to:

Saves \_\_\_\_\_\_

Saves \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Reduces \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Reduces \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. When changing lanes you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and go, also known as SMOG.
2. Habitual Traffic Offender - If you get 20 or more moving violations in a 5-year period or 3 or more of any of the following: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. If you get a ticket and you are under 18 years old you will have to pay the ticket and:

First Violation- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Second Violation- license suspension for \_\_\_\_\_ months,

Third Violation- License Suspension until \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ b-day.

1. What are the speeds for the following zones?

School zone: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mph

City streets like neighborhoods: \_\_\_\_\_ mph

Country roads: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mph

State highways: \_\_\_\_\_\_ mph

Interstates: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Always drive at a speed that you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_&\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without losing control of your vehicle.
2. How to navigate through a curve: always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before the corner and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ halfway through the corner.

Passing:

1. When passing It takes approx. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seconds to complete a pass.
2. You’ll be in the wrong lane for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_’ or \_\_\_\_\_\_ of a mile.
3. You will need at least a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ second gap between you and oncoming traffic to pass safely.
4. If in doubt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!!!
5. Getting ready to pass- Keep at least a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_second following distance,
6. Usually you should be able to pass at the speed limit, you can go \_\_\_\_\_ mph over when passing.
7. Do not get closer than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ feet of an oncoming car.
8. Always look in your rearview mirror to see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before getting back in your lane.
9. You can only pass\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ car at a time.
10. If you are being passed, it is illegal to speed up. When being passed: Move to lane position , & \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
11. What does this sign mean?



1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the leading cause of collisions in the mountains.
2. Never use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when driving down a hill, you can lose control.
3. If your car overheats never remove the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when your car is hot.